SEL-411L

Advanced Line Differential Protection, Automation, and Control System

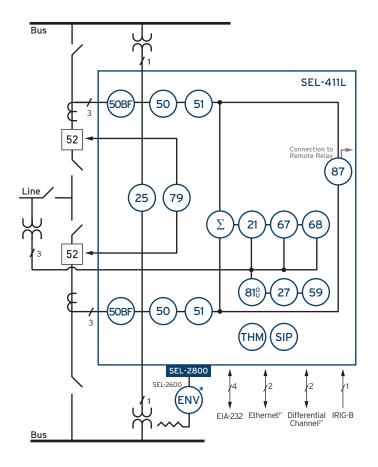


Combine subcycle line protection with traveling-wave fault locating

- Subcycle differential and distance protection minimizes damage and expensive repairs on transmission lines.
- Traveling-wave fault locating pinpoints faults within one tower span.
- Industry-leading synchrophasors monitor the overall system status.
- Comprehensive communications protocols and advanced automation functions allow customization for different applications.



Functional Overview

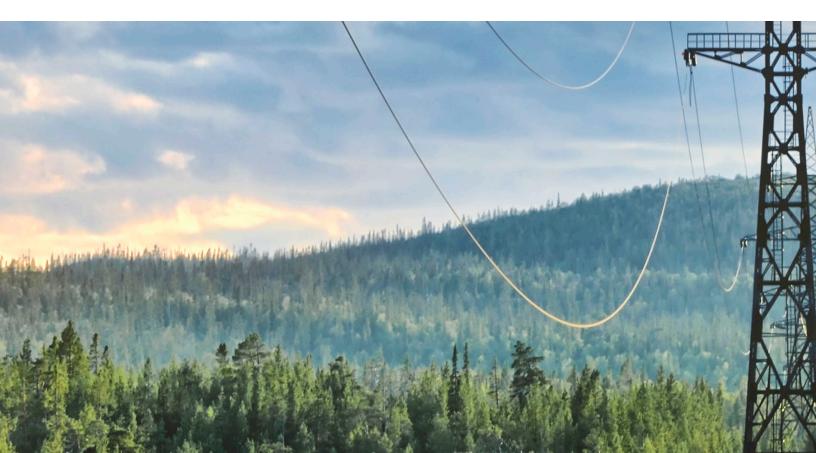


ANSI Numbers/Acronyms and Functions	
21	Phase and Ground Distance
25	Synchronism Check
27	Undervoltage
32	Directional Power
50	Overcurrent
50BF	Dual Breaker Failure Overcurrent
51	Time Overcurrent
59	Overvoltage
67	Directional Overcurrent
68	Out-of-Step Block/Trip
79	Single-/Three-Pole Reclosing
81 (O,U)	Over-/Underfrequency
85 RIO	SEL MIRRORED BITS [®] Communications
87	Current Differential
DFR	Event Reports
ENV	SEL-2600*
HMI	Operator Interface
LGC	Expanded SELogic [®] Control Equations
MET	High-Accuracy Metering
PMU	Synchrophasors
SER	Sequential Events Recorder

Additional Functions		
BRM	Breaker Wear Monitor	
LDE	Load Encroachment	
LOC	Fault Locator	
SBM	Station Battery Monitor	
SIP	Software-Invertible Polarities	
THM	IEC 60255-Compliant Thermal Model	

¹Copper or fiber-optic ²Serial or Ethernet

*Optional feature



Key Features

Line Current Differential, Distance, and Directional Overcurrent Protection

Apply subcycle single- or three-pole current differential protection for up to four terminal lines, even with two breakers per terminal, using the SEL-411L Advanced Line Differential Protection, Automation, and Control System. Five zones of phase and ground distance elements as well as directional overcurrent elements provide subcycle operation and superior security. You can invert individual or grouped CT or PT polarities to account for field wiring or protection zone changes. By stocking one line protection relay that uses a combination of differential, distance, and overcurrent elements, you can meet specific application needs while reducing protection system costs.

Comprehensive Monitoring

Implement advanced 87L channel monitoring functions to validate 87L channel health and enhance trip security. You can also incorporate IEEE C37.118 synchrophasor measurements into wide-area protection and control systems. High-accuracy time correlation improves event report analysis.

Advanced Automation and Communication

Reduce total project construction and operation costs by integrating four-shot recloser and relay logic to automate operations. Serial or Ethernet communications improve station integration. You can choose from a variety of available protocols, including:

- MIRRORED BITS communications
- DNP3 LAN/WAN
- Modbus[®]
- Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
- Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP)
- IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol Version 2 (PTPv2)
- IEC 61850 Edition 2

High-Accuracy Fault Locating

Find faults fast with optional traveling-wave fault locating. This reduces maintenance expenses because you can send crews directly to the tower nearest to the fault. You also have the option to implement single- and double-ended impedance-based fault-locating methods in parallel with traveling-wave fault locating.



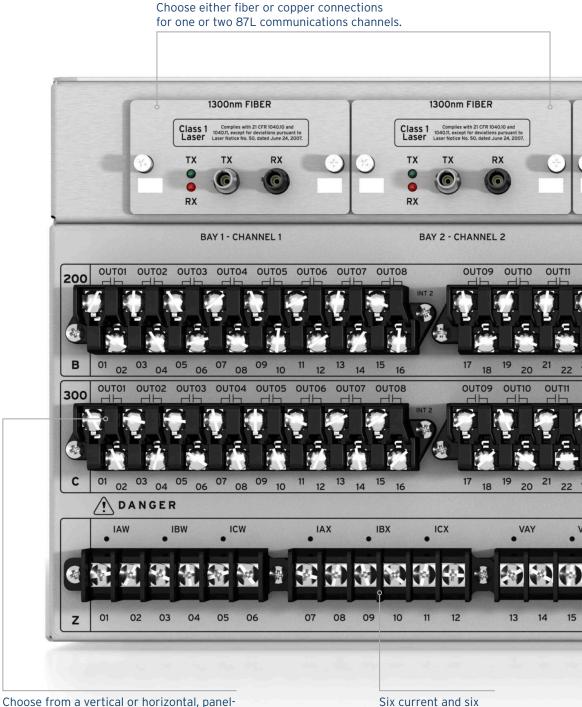
Product Overview



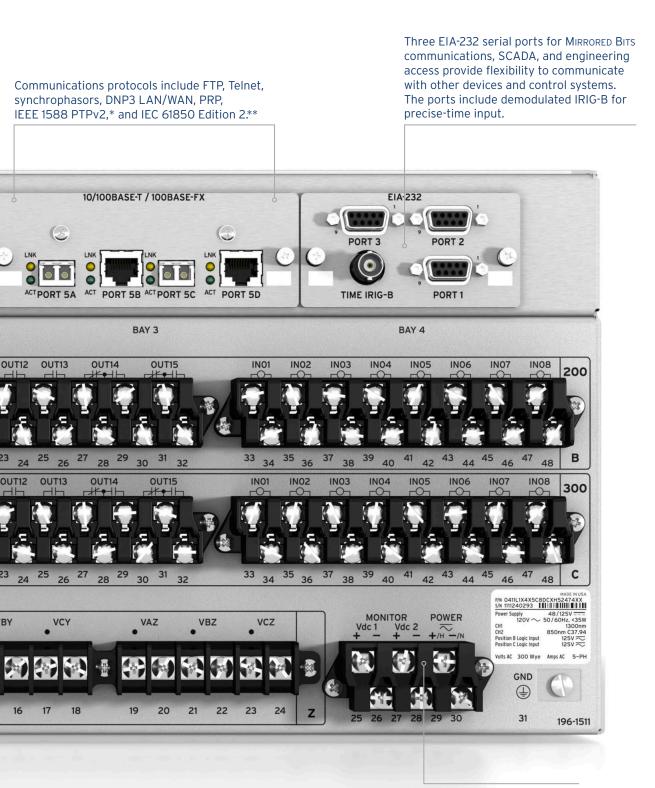
EIA-232 front serial port is quick and

Programmable operator pushbuttons with user-configurable labels allow front-panel customization.





Choose from a vertical or horizontal, panelmount or rack-mount chassis and different size options. Six current and six voltage analog inputs support protection for substations with dualbreaker schemes.

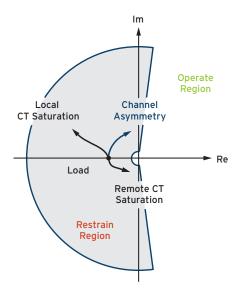


The power supply allows different options: 48/125 Vdc or 110/120 Vac, or 125/250 Vdc or 120/240 Vac.

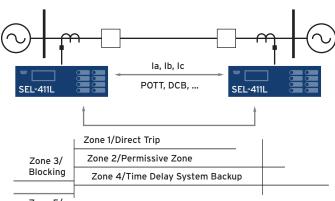
*For PTPv2 implementation, Ports 5A and 5B must be used for engineering access and SCADA.

**Optional feature.

Applications



Accommodate channel asymmetry and CT saturation with Alpha Plane restrain and operate regions.



Zone 5/ Coordination

Line Current Differential Protection

The SEL-411L provides subcycle single- or three-pole line current differential protection along with reliable backup distance protection for your critical transmission lines. The patented generalized Alpha Plane technology combined with overcurrent supervision, external fault detection, optional charging current compensation, and disturbance detection logic enables the 87L function to operate with exceptional security and sensitivity. The SEL-411L supports data exchange over a serial network or a dedicated Ethernet network to provide line current differential protection for transmission lines with as many as four terminals, even with two breakers per terminal.

Flexible 87L Data Channel Selection

Choose the 87L communications channel option that fits your application needs:

- Isolated EIA-422
- Isolated ITU-T G.703
- 850 nm (2 km limit) or 1,300 nm (15 km limit) fiber, IEEE C37.94 encoding
- 1,300 nm single-mode (80 km limit) or multimode (30 km limit) fiber
- 1,550 nm single-mode fiber (120 km limit)
- Ethernet (10/100BASE-T or 100BASE-FX connections)

Reliable Distance Protection

The SEL-411L has reliable distance protection with five zones of phase and ground (mho and quadrilateral) distance elements. The coupling capacitor voltage transformer (CCVT) transient overreach logic optimizes performance and enhances Zone 1 distance element security. The Best Choice Ground Directional Element[®] eliminates the need for multiple settings. In addition, with full pilot scheme settings, it is easy to integrate the SEL-411L into your existing distance protection schemes. Choose from POTT, DCUB, PUTT, DCB, and DTT schemes.

Thermal Overload Protection

Use the three independent IEC 60255-149 thermal elements to activate a control action, issue an alarm, or trip when equipment overheats as a result of adverse operating conditions. The SEL-2600 RTD Module can provide ambient temperature measurements.

Series Compensation Line Logic

The optional series compensation logic detects when a fault is beyond a series capacitor and prevents Zone 1 overreach on series-compensated lines. This provides secure protection for your power system, resulting in higher power transfers and reliable service to customers.

Out-of-Step Blocking and Tripping

During power swings, the relay automatically selects either out-of-step blocking or tripping. Out-of-step blocking enhances your security by blocking distance elements during stable swing conditions. During unstable power swing conditions, out-of-step tripping maintains generation load balance.

Multiterminal Transmission Lines

Protect transmission lines with up to four terminals, even for breaker-and-a-half bus configurations or other two-breaker schemes with dual CT and PT inputs. The unique fault-locating algorithm uses information from all terminals to identify the faulted branch on multiterminal transmission lines. This allows you to dispatch line crews more efficiently so that line problems are quickly isolated and power is restored to customers faster.

Line-Charging Current Compensation

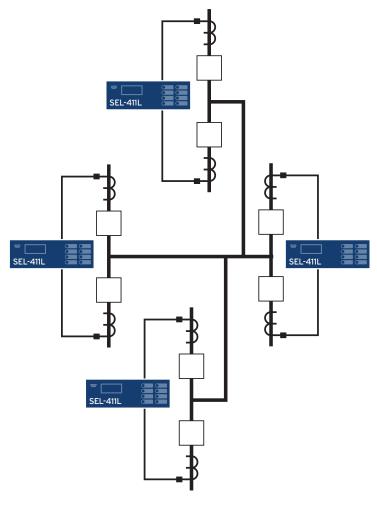
Built-in charging compensation improves the sensitivity and speed of differential protection for long, extra-highvoltage lines or cables. The SEL-411L uses an adaptive algorithm based on voltages measured in the differential scheme to provide accurate compensation. In the event of a loss-of-potential condition, the relay uses automatic fallback logic to keep the differential scheme secure.

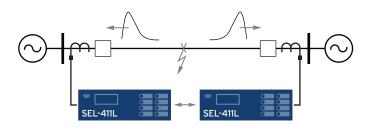
In-Line Transformers

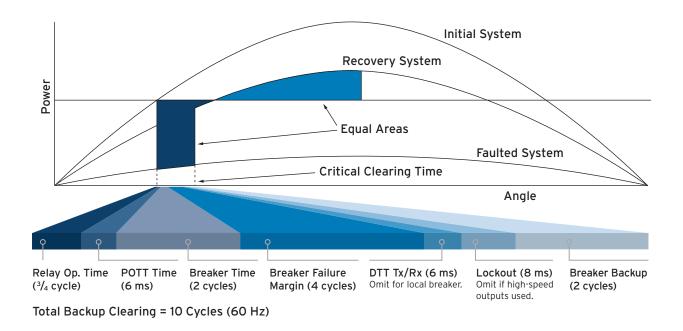
By providing complete protection for the combined line and transformer, the SEL-411L simplifies protection schemes and reduces equipment costs. The relay compensates for vector group, ratio, and zero-sequence current to protect transmission lines with in-line transformer applications. You can use harmonic blocking, restraint, or both for stabilization under magnetizing inrush conditions.

Traveling-Wave Fault Locating

Optional traveling-wave fault locating provides greater accuracy and lets you send your line crew to the nearest tower or span to quickly address the problem. With the GPS clocks and communications channel already in your system, the relay automatically calculates the fault location. Without a communications channel, the relay still measures and records the traveling-wave event. Using the traveling-wave event data, you can calculate an accurate fault location by hand or with SEL-5601-2 synchroWAVE® Event Software. Traveling-wave fault locating is the best method for series-compensated and parallel transmission line configurations. You will get precise results regardless of the line configuration or fault impedance.











High-Speed Breaker Failure for Two Breakers

The SEL-411L applies fast open-phase detection logic to detect an open phase in less than one cycle, leading to shorter breaker failure margin times. By combining highspeed tripping with shorter breaker failure margin times, the relay helps improve the power transfer capability while maintaining stability.

Synchrophasors

To significantly improve your system's performance, SEL offers complete synchrophasor solutions, including hardware, communications, viewing and analysis software, data collection, and data archiving. The SEL-411L provides real-time system state measurement with timesynchronized voltages and currents in the IEEE C37.118 standard format. In addition, SEL-5078-2 synchroWAVe Central Software or third-party software allows you to view and analyze system phase angles, load oscillations, voltage profiles, and other critical system information.

Bay Control, Reclosing, and Breaker Failure Detection

Increase flexibility for different station configurations with complete bay control, reclosing, and breaker failure protection. For double-breaker arrangements, the SEL-411L can monitor the current for each breaker separately or combine the currents for protection purposes. The relay can also monitor the circuit breaker performance, including average and last tripping times, motor run times, and contact interrupting duty.

Accessibility and Communications

Web Server

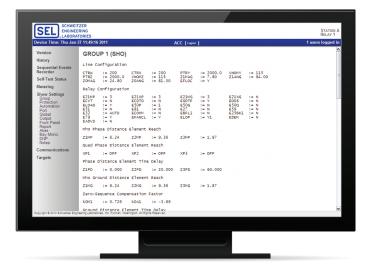
Access basic SEL-411L information on a standard Ethernet network with the built-in web server. From there you can view the relay status, Sequential Events Recorder (SER) data, metering information, and settings. For increased security, obtaining web server access requires a relay password and the information is limited to a read-only view.

Ethernet-Based Communications

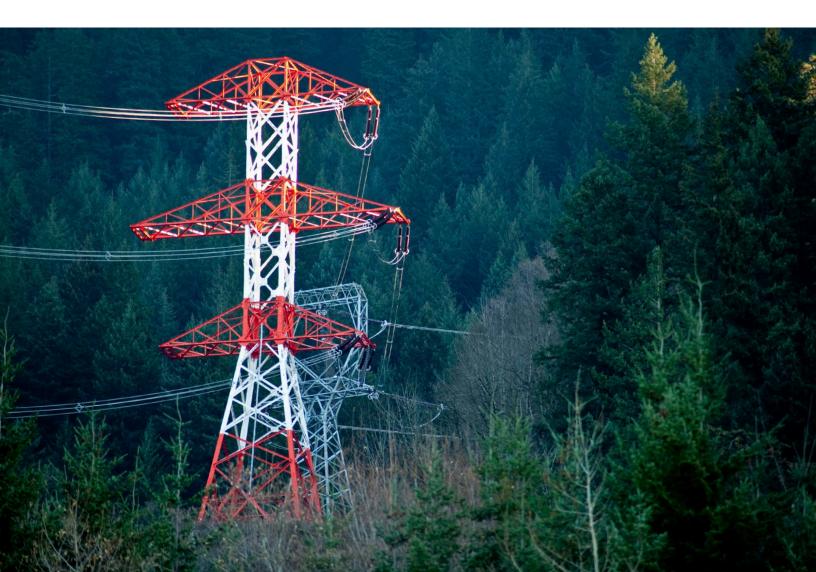
The Ethernet ports enable you to communicate using a variety of protocols, including FTP, DNP3, MMS, PTPv2, and IEC 61850 Edition 2. By using failover, switched mode, or PRP, you can increase your system's reliability. For PTPv2 implementation, Ports 5A and 5B must be used for engineering access and SCADA.

MIRRORED BITS Communications

This field-proven technology provides simple and powerful bidirectional digital communications between devices. MIRRORED BITS communications can transmit/receive information between upstream relays and downstream recloser controls to enhance coordination and generate faster tripping for downstream faults.



A built-in web server provides easy access to settings, relay status, metering, and event data.



SEL-411L Specifications

General	
AC Current Inputs (6 total)	5 A nominal
	1 A nominal
AC Voltage Inputs (6 total)	300 V _{L-N} continuous
Serial	3 rear-panel and 1 front-panel EIA-232 serial ports; SEL ASCII commands, SEL Fast Messages, DNP3, IEEE C37.118 synchrophasors
Ethernet	Communications protocols include FTP, Telnet, synchrophasors, DNP3 LAN/WAN, PRP, PTPv2, and IEC 61850 Edition 2 (optional). For PTPv2 implementation, Ports 5A and 5B must be used for engineering access and SCADA.
	Choose from the following port options:
	Four 10/100BASE-T twisted-pair network ports
	Four 100BASE-FX fiber-optic network ports
	Two 10/100BASE-T twisted-pair network ports and two 100BASE-FX fiber-optic network ports
Traveling-Wave Fault Locating	Type: Double-ended method
	Accuracy: ±25 m for step change in current applied simultaneously to both relays
Precise-Time Input	Demodulated IRIG-B time input and PTPv2
Synchrophasors	IEEE C37.118 Standard Up to 50 messages per second (50 Hz system) Up to 60 messages per second (60 Hz system)
	UDP Multicast Capability
	SEL Fast Message Protocol Up to 10 messages per second (50 Hz system) Up to 20 messages per second (60 Hz system)
Processing	AC voltage and current inputs: 8,000 samples per second
	Protection and control processing: 8 times per power system cycle
Power Supply	125/250 Vdc or 120/240 Vac
	48/125 Vdc or 110/120 Vac
Operating Temperature	-40° to +85°C (-40° to +185°F)



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