

# **SEL-2414 Transformer Monitor**

## Complete System for Control and Monitoring



# **Major Features and Benefits**

The SEL-2414 Transformer Monitor provides an exceptional combination of monitoring, control, and communications in a compact package.

- ➤ Thermal Monitoring and Metering Capabilities. Safeguard transformers from overheating by tracking thermal conditions. Track the minimum and maximum transformer top oil temperature, hot-spot temperature, and as many as 10 RTDs or thermocouples.
- ➤ High Reliability, Rugged Design, and Low Price. Apply the SEL-2414 in harsh physical and electrical environments. The SEL-2414 withstands vibration, electrical surges, fast transients, extreme operating temperatures from -40° to +85°C, and meets stringent utility standards. Compare our superior specification compliance, higher reliability, lower price, and worldwide, ten-year warranty to other transformer monitor alternatives.
- ➤ Flexible I/O for Transformer Status, Alarms, and More. Input/output options include digital inputs for status such as oil level and sudden pressure; RTD and thermocouple inputs for measurements such as ambient, top-oil, and hot-spot temperatures; digital outputs for control and alarms; analog inputs and outputs; and ac current and voltage inputs. Easily program monitoring and control functions with powerful logic, math, timers, counters, and edge-trigger functions. These features allow easy integration with new and retrofit transformer monitor applications. Monitor critical substation assets with comprehensive transformer thermal and through-fault monitoring.
- ➤ Advanced Asset Monitoring. Monitor critical substation assets with comprehensive transformer thermal and through-fault monitoring. Calculate top oil, hot-spot, insulation aging acceleration factor, and loss of life while generating hourly and daily data about your transformer. Capture the maximum/minimum values of all transformer model quantities. Capture through-fault current data that could lead to increased transformer wear.
- ➤ Critical Reporting and Logging. Store as many as 512 Sequential Events Recorder (SER) reports of digital input transitions, time-tagged to the nearest millisecond. Analyze SER reports, analog trending, and oscillographic event reports for rapid commissioning, testing, and post-event diagnostics. Send the SER data to a communications processor or computer for system analysis.

- ➤ Communications and Integration. Automate fan bank control with flexible communication options that provide easy integration with SCADA. Choose from single and dual Ethernet, Modbus<sup>®</sup> TCP, DNP3 LAN/WAN, IEC 61850, Modbus Serial, EIA-232, EIA-485, Telnet, and File Transfer protocols.
- ➤ AC Metering Capabilities. The SEL-2414 provides extensive ac metering and monitoring capabilities. Voltage, current, power, energy, power factor, frequency; demand/peak demand metering; and maximum/minimum metering are measured and recorded. Values can be used in programmable calculations and triggers within the meter.
- ➤ Simple Commissioning Tools. Front-panel HMI provides complete configuration access and displays settings, measurements, and calculated values. Easily set with ACSELERATOR QuickSet® SEL-5030 Software.

# **Product Summary**

The SEL-2414 Transformer Monitor withstands harsh physical and electrical environments and is built and tested to meet mission-critical IEEE and IEC protective relay standards. Apply the SEL-2414 to satisfy standalone or distributed monitoring and control of transformers, or choose from the flexible communications options to connect to a substation distributed SCADA or automation system, or a SCADA master. Communications options include serial, fiber-optic, and Ethernet connections and ASCII, SEL Fast Message, MIRRORED BITS® communications, Modbus, and DNP3 protocols. *Figure 1* shows the SEL-2414 functionality.

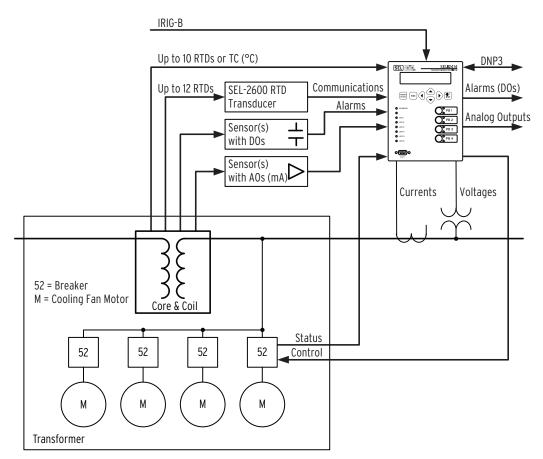


Figure 1 Functional Block Diagram

# **Monitoring and Control Features**

Apply flexible I/O options to meet the many needs of new or retrofit transformer installations. The SEL-2414 includes four slots for plug-in I/O cards. Use digital inputs (DI) to monitor critical transformer alarms and status points. Use analog inputs (AI) to measure pressure, oil level, temperatures, tap positions, and process-level signals (e.g., 4–20 mA, 0–1 mA) from transducers. Operate cooling fans, equipment, alarms, or provide indication with relay-contact or solid-state digital outputs (DO) and analog outputs (AO). Measure ac currents and ac voltage to calculate three-phase power, demand, energy, save in oscillographic reports, and for automatic control processes.

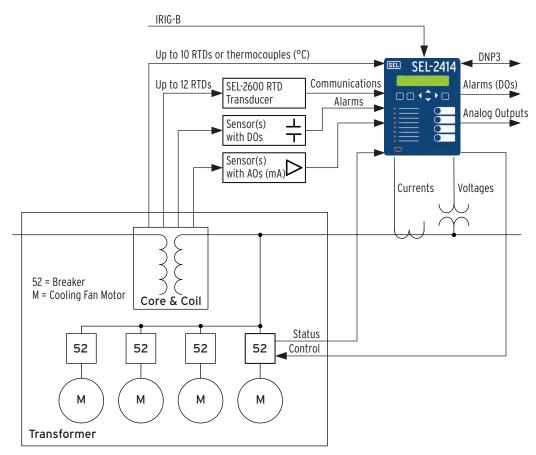


Figure 2 Transformer Monitor and Control System

# I/O (Status and Alarms)

Use digital inputs to monitor critical alarms such as oil levels, pressures, gas accumulation; they may also be used for status points such as fans on/off and breakers open/closed, as shown in *Figure 3*.

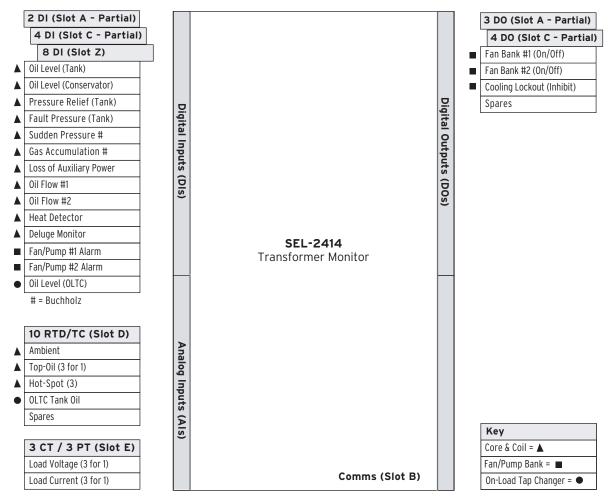


Figure 3 Monitoring Inputs and Control Outputs

### **Analyze Transformer Sequence-of-Events**

Record sequence-of-events related to transformer events or operations with the Sequential Events Recorder (SER) function. With this function, you can analyze assertions and deassertions of digital inputs and outputs; as many as 512 state changes to the millisecond for as many as 96 different digital points. The function also captures when the device powers up and a settings change occurs.

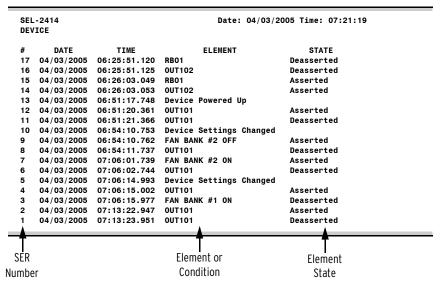


Figure 4 Example SER Report

Combine SER data from individual SEL-2414 Transformer Monitors into a system-wide log. Synchronize the system with IRIG-B time code and the report data will align perfectly.



Figure 5 Combine SER Data From Multiple SEL-2414 Transformer Monitors for a System-Wide Log and Display

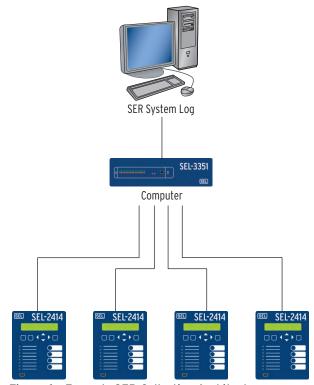


Figure 6 Example SER Collection Architecture

### **Analyze Transformer Event Waveforms**

Record analog and digital waveforms at 32 samples/cycle for as many as 64 power system cycles, approximately 1 s. Use the event report to move the oscillographic data to your PC. You can plot your event report data with the SEL-5601 ACSELERATOR Analytic Assistant® Software or with Microsoft® Excel®.

Event reports contain ac currents, ac voltages, and digital inputs and outputs. The report automatically adjusts content to the I/O cards you use. Reports are stored in nonvolatile memory to protect your data even if power is lost. Event reports are optimized for recording power disturbances and relating them to your process.

Set the report to capture either 15 or 64 power system cycles of data around the trigger event. For a 60 Hz system, the event report lengths are 0.25 seconds and 1.07 seconds. For a 50 Hz system, the report lengths are 0.30 seconds and 1.28 seconds.

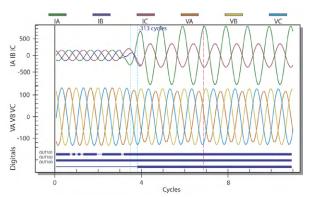


Figure 7 Example SEL-5601 Waveform Plot

### Trend Transformer Temperatures and Other Analog Inputs

Record measured ambient, transformer top-oil, transformer hot-spot and other analog data (measured or calculated) for trending with the Analog Signal Profile function. This profile (trending) function can track as many as 32 analog channels. The function records the magnitude and time of acquisition of each analog channel. Use the profile report to move trend records to your PC and quickly plot the data with Microsoft Excel or any other spreadsheet application.

```
=>>CPR <Enter>
"REC_NUM", "YEAR", "MONTH", "DAY", "HOUR", "MIN", "SEC", "MSEC", "VA_MAG", "VB_M
AG", "VC_M
AG", "I3011, "AI302", "AI303", "AI304", "AI305", "AI306", "1D7A"
14,2005,9,1,12,10,4,261,2092.127,2099.499,2089.107,-0.001,-0.000,
-0.001,-0.001, "1190"
13,2005,9,1,12,15,3,982,2093.966,2099.176,2088.974,-0.001,-0.001,
-0.001,-0.001, "11AC"
12,2005,9,1,12,20,4,82,2091.636,2099.117,2089.346,-0.001,-0.000,
-0.001,-0.001, "115C"
11,2005,9,1,12,25,4,332,2092.435,2098.398,2088.487,-0.001,-0.001,
-0.001,-0.001, "119C"
10,2005,9,1,12,25,4,36,2092.907,2098.208,2089.058,-0.001,-0.001,
-0.001,-0.001,"115C"
9,2005,9,1,12,35,4,186,2093.153,2098.865,2089.091,-0.001,-0.000,
-0.001,-0.001,"116F"
8,2005,9,1,12,35,4,186,2093.153,2098.865,2089.732,-0.001,-0.001,
-0.001,-0.001,"116F"
8,2005,9,1,12,40,3,978,2094.284,2098.926,2089.732,-0.001,-0.001,
-0.001,-0.001,"1179"
```

Figure 8 Comma-Separated File Format for Easy Display, Analysis, and Archiving

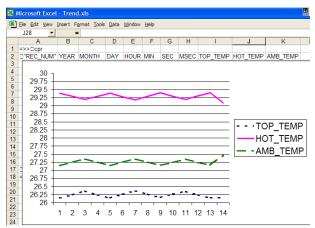


Figure 9 Excel Graph of Trend Data

### Transformer Thermal Monitoring

Transformer thermal modeling per IEEE C57.91-1995 for mineral-oil immersed transformers is a standard feature in the SEL-2414. Specify the SEL-2414 to provide this capability for monitoring and protection of a single three-phase transformer, a three-phase transformer with tertiary windings (three-winding mode with separate CT ratios), or three independent single-phase units. Use the thermal element to activate a control action or issue a warning or alarm when your transformer overheats or is in danger of excessive insulation aging or loss-of-life.

Use the thermal event report to capture current hourly and daily data about your transformer. Operating temperature calculations are based on load currents, type of cooling system, and actual temperature inputs (ambient and top-oil). Use as many as four thermal sensor inputs: a single ambient temperature transducer and one transducer for top-oil temperature from each of three single-phase transformers. Temperature data are obtained via an internal RTD/thermocouple card or from an external SEL-2600A RTD Module. While the SEL-2414 can receive temperature data at any rate, the thermal element uses the temperature data once per minute.

The thermal element operates in one of three modes, depending upon the presence or lack of measured temperature inputs: 1) measured ambient and top-oil temperature inputs, 2) measured ambient temperature only, and 3) no measured temperature inputs. If the device receives measured ambient and top-oil temperatures, the thermal element calculates hot-spot temperature. When the device receives a measurement of ambient temperature without top-oil temperature, the thermal element calculates the top-oil temperature and hot-spot temperature. In the absence of any measured ambient or top-oil temperatures, the thermal element uses a default ambient temperature setting that you select and calculates the top-oil and hot-spot temperatures. The device uses hot-spot temperature as a basis for calculating the insulation aging acceleration factor (FAA) and loss-of-life quantities. Use the thermal element to indicate alarm conditions and/or activate control actions when one or more of the following exceed settable limits:

- ➤ Top-oil temperature
- ➤ Winding hot-spot temperature
- ➤ Insulation aging acceleration factor (FAA)
- ➤ Daily loss-of-life
- ➤ Total loss-of-life

Generate a thermal monitor report that indicates the present thermal status of the transformer. Historical thermal event reports and profile data are stored in the device in hourly format for the previous 24 hours and in daily format for the previous 31 days.

The thermal model can be used even if a current card is not installed. Current magnitude data can be received by IEC 61850 or other communications protocols.

### Through-Fault Event Monitor

A through fault is an overcurrent event external to the differential protection zone. Though a through fault is not an in-zone event, the currents required to feed this external fault can cause great stress on the apparatus inside the differential protection zone. Through-fault currents can cause transformer winding displacement leading to mechanical damage and increased transformer thermal wear because of mechanical stress of insulation components in the transformer. The SEL-2414 throughfault event monitor gathers current level, duration, and date/time for each through fault. The monitor also calculates a I<sup>2</sup>t and cumulatively stores these data per-phase. The SEL-2414 through-fault report also provides percent of total through-fault accumulated according to the IEEE Guide for Liquid-Immersed Transformer Through-Fault-Current Duration, C57.109-1993. Use through-fault event data to schedule proactive transformer bank maintenance and help justify through-fault mitigation efforts. Apply the accumulated  $I^2$ t alarm capability of the device to indicate excess through-fault current over time.

# Simplify Your Transformer Commissioning

The SEL-2414 front panel simplifies commissioning and troubleshooting:

- ➤ View field data and calculated values
- ➤ Diagnose data flow problems in seconds instead of hours
- ➤ Dramatically reduce troubleshooting time
- ➤ Eliminate the need for out-of-service time

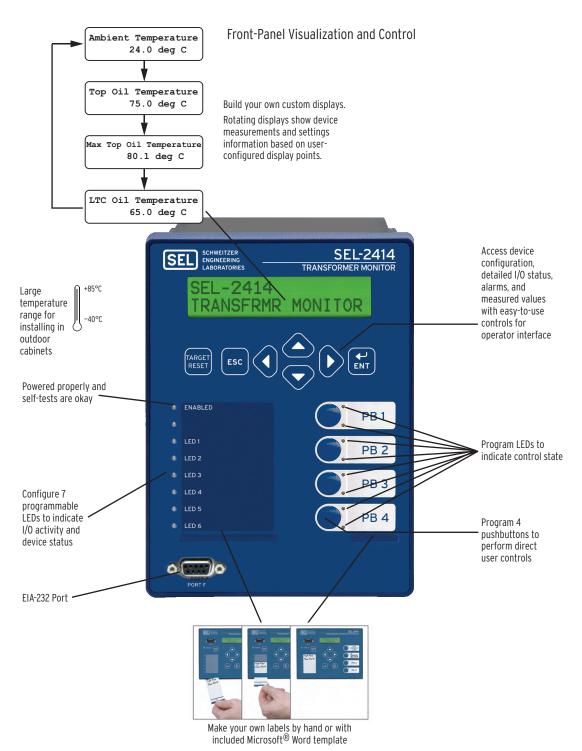


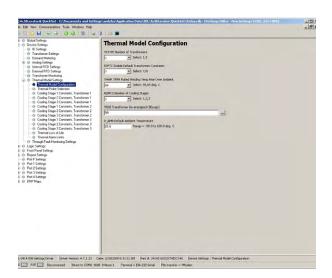
Figure 10 Simplify Your Commissioning

# **Configuration and Commissioning Software**

The included ACSELERATOR QuickSet software program simplifies device configuration in addition to providing commissioning and analysis support for the SEL-2414.

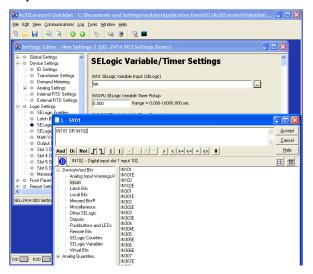
- ➤ Access settings creation help online.
- ➤ Organize settings with the device database manager.
- Load and retrieve settings using a simple PC communications link.
- ➤ Analyze event records with the integrated waveform and harmonic analysis tool.

Settings-Develop Settings Offline With an Intelligent Settings Editor That Only Allows Valid Settings.

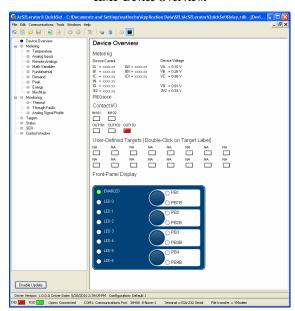


- ➤ Use the PC interface to remotely retrieve reports and other system data.
- ➤ Monitor analog data, device I/O, and logic point status during commissioning tests.
- ➤ Remotely operate and monitor using the device overview as a virtual front panel.

Settings-Create SELOGIC Control Equations With a Drag and Drop Editor and/or Text Editor.



HMI-Device Overview.



# Metering

The SEL-2414 provides extensive metering capabilities. See *Specifications* for metering and power measurement accuracies. As shown in *Table 1*, metering includes current and voltage based metering and analog input, math variable, and remote analog metering. Fundamental, maximum and minimum, and demand metering typically includes phase voltages and currents; sequence voltages and currents; and power, frequency, and energy.

#### Table 1 Metering Types

Standard	
Fundamental	IA, IB, IC, VA, VB, VC
Energy	Real, Reactive, Apparent (In and Out)
Maximum and Minimum	Frequency, Voltages (VA, VB, VC), Currents (IA, IB, IC, 3I2), Apparent, Reactive, and Real Power
Demand and Peak Demand	IA, IB, IC, IG, 3I2
Analog Input	AIx01–AIx08
Math Variable	MV01-MV32
Remote Analog	RA001-RA128
Analog Signal Profiling	

### Optional

- ➤ Temperature and thermal (with the external SEL-2600 RTD Module, internal RTD option, or internal RTD/TC option)
- ➤ Maximum and Minimum Temperatures

# **Additional Ordering Options**

The following options can be ordered for any SEL-2414 model (see the SEL-2414 Model Option Table for details):

Digital I/O <sup>a</sup>	8 DI (PN 9760), 8 DO (PN9761), 4 DI/4 DO (PN 9764), 4 DI/3 DO with 2 Form C and 1 Form B (PN 9773)
Analog I/O	8 AI (PN9762), 4 AI/4 AO (PN 9763)
Temperatures	10 RTDs (PN 9772)
CTs and PTs	3 ACI/3 AVI (PN 9771), 4CT (PN 9770), 3 AVI (PN 9769)
Port 1	Single/Dual 10/100BASE-T copper (RJ45 connector)
	Single/Dual 100BASE FX (LC connector)
Port 2	Fiber-Optic Port (62.5 μm core fiber, ST connectors, SEL-2812 compatible)
Port 4	EIA-232 or EIA-485 (PN 9751)
Protocols	Serial: DNP3; Ethernet: Modbus TCP, DNP3 LAN/WAN, FTP, Telnet, IEC 61850
Mounting	Surface Mounting kit for in-cabinet installation (PN 915900204)
Environment	Conformal coating for chemically harsh and high-moisture environments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Unless otherwise specified, all digital outputs are Form A.

# **Automation**

### Flexible Control Logic and Integration Features

The SEL-2414 is equipped with as many as four independently operated serial ports: one EIA-232 port on the front, one EIA-232 or EIA-485 port on the rear, one fiber-optic port, and one EIA-232 or EIA-485 port option card. The device does not require special communications software. Use any system that emulates a standard terminal system for engineering access to the device. Establish communication by connecting computers, modems, protocol converters, printers, an SEL communications processor, SCADA serial port, and an RTU for local or remote communication. Apply an SEL communications processor as the hub of a star network, with point-to-point fiber or copper connection between the hub and the SEL-2414. Included communications protocols are listed below.

#### Standard Protocols

- ➤ Modbus RTU
- ➤ SEL ASCII
- ➤ SEL Compressed ASCII
- ➤ SEL Fast Meter
- ➤ SEL Fast Operate
- ➤ SEL Fast SER
- ➤ SEL Fast Message
- ➤ SEL MIRRORED BITS

SEL-2414 logic improves integration in the following ways.

### **Replaces Traditional Panel Control Switches**

Eliminate traditional panel control switches with operator control pushbuttons or the 32 local bits, available through the menu system. Program the four conveniently sized operator pushbuttons to control fan banks and fan lockout. Set, clear, or pulse local bits with the front-panel pushbuttons and display. Program the local bits into your control scheme with SELOGIC control equations. Use the local bits to perform functions such as breaker trip/close.

### **Replaces Traditional Indicating Panel Lights**

Replace traditional indicating panel lights with 32 programmable displays. Define custom messages (e.g., Fan On, Fan Off) to report transformer or device conditions on the front-panel display. Use advanced SELOGIC control equations to control which messages the device displays. *Figure 11* shows an example.

#### Replaces Traditional Temperature Gauges

Replace traditional temperature gauges that show the temperature, and the maximum and minimum temperature since last reset. The SEL-2414 Max/Min metering records and time stamps the maximum and minimum temperatures and transformer thermal model quantities.

#### Replaces Traditional Latching Relays

Replace as many as 32 traditional latching relays for such functions as "remote control enable" with latch bits. Program latch set and latch reset conditions with SELOGIC control equations. Set or reset the nonvolatile latch bits using optoisolated inputs, remote bits, local bits, or any programmable logic condition. The latch bits retain their state when the device loses power.

#### Eliminates External Timers

Eliminate external timers for custom protection or control schemes with 32 general purpose SELOGIC control equation timers. Each timer has independent time-delay pickup and dropout settings. Program each timer input with any desired element (e.g., time qualify a current element). Assign the timer output to control scheme logic.

### Eliminates RTU-to-Device Wiring

Eliminate RTU-to-Device wiring with 32 remote bits. Set, clear, or pulse remote bits using serial port commands. Program the remote bits into your control scheme with SELOGIC control equations. Use remote bits for SCADA-type control operations such as trip and close.

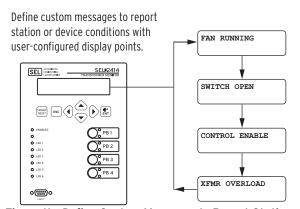


Figure 11 Define Custom Messages to Report Station or Device Conditions

## **Communications Architectures**

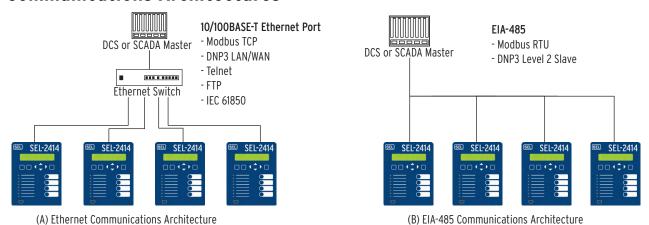


Figure 12 Typical Ethernet and EIA-485 Communications Architectures

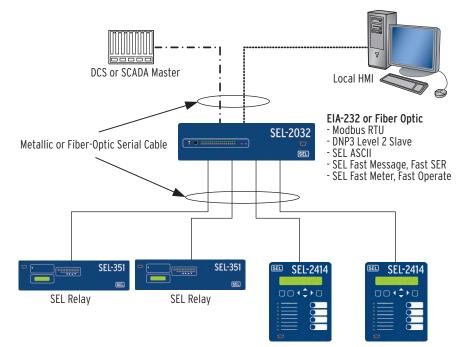


Figure 13 Typical EIA-232 and Fiber-Optic Communications Architecture

# Front- and Rear-Panel Diagrams

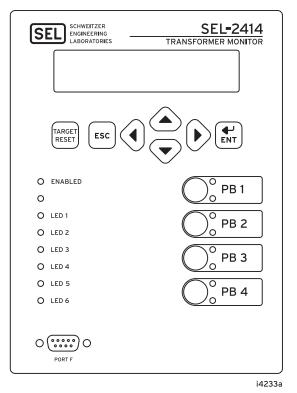


Figure 14 Front Panel With Default Configurable Labels

(B) Side-Panel Input and Output Designations

Figure 15 Rear-Panel Connections and Labels

(A) Rear-Panel Layout

# **Dimensions**

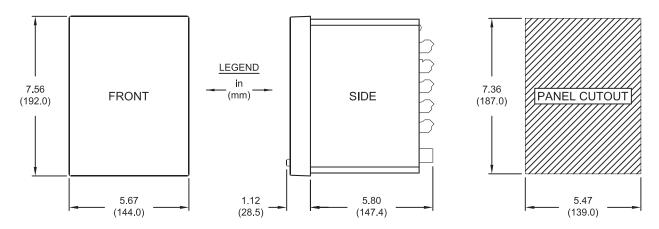


Figure 16 SEL-2414 Panel-Mount

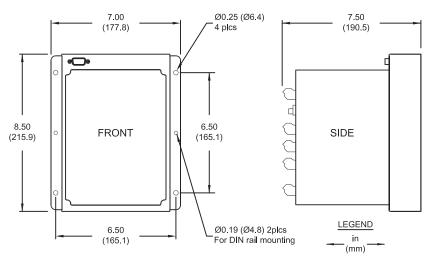


Figure 17 SEL-2414 Surface-Mount Dimensions

# **Specifications**

#### Compliance

Designed and manufactured under an ISO 9001 certified quality management system

UL, cUL: UL 508, CSA C22.2 No. 142
CSA: CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1
CE Mark: EMC Directive
Low-Voltage Directive

Hazardous Locations Complies with UL 1604, CSA 22.2 Approvals: No. 213, and EN 60079-15.

#### General

#### **Operating Temperature Range**

 $-40^{\circ}$  to +85°C (-40° to +185°F), per IEC 60068-2-1 and 60068-2-2. **Note:** LCD contrast impaired for temperatures below -20°C and above +70°C (-4°F and +158°F, respectively).

UL/CSA Conformal

Coated:  $-40^{\circ} \text{ to } +75^{\circ}\text{C } (-40^{\circ} \text{ to } +167^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

#### Operating Environment

Pollution Degree: 2 Overvoltage Category: II

Relative Humidity: 5–95%, noncondensing

Maximum Altitude: 2000 m

#### Dimensions

See Figure 16 and Figure 17.

#### Weight

2.0 kg (4.4 lb)

#### Frequency

System Frequency: 50, 60 Hz

#### Inputs

#### **AC Current Input Phase**

 I<sub>NOM</sub>
 I<sub>NOM</sub> = 5 A
 I<sub>NOM</sub> = 1 A

 Rated Range:
 0.1-96.0 A
 0.02-19.20 A

 (according to IEC 60255-5, 60664-1)

Note: This is a linearity specification and is not meant to imply Accuracy Variation With Temperature: continuous operation. ±0.015% per °C of full scale (±10 V) Continuous Thermal CMRR Typical: 65 db at 60 Hz 15 A Rating: 3 A (according to IEC 60255-6, **Optoisolated Control Inputs** IEEE C37.90-1989) When Used With DC Control Signals: 1 Second Thermal: 100 A ON for 200-275 Vdc 250 V OFF below 150 Vdc (according to IEC 60255-6) ON for 176-242 Vdc OFF below 132 Vdc 220 V Rated Frequency:  $50/60 \pm 5 \text{ Hz}$ 50/60 ±5 Hz 125 V ON for 100-135.5 Vdc OFF below 75 Vdc 110 V ON for 88-121 Vdc OFF below 66 Vdc < 0.050 VA <0.002 VA Burden (per phase): 48 V ON for 38.4-52.8 Vdc OFF below 28.8 Vdc Measurement Category: П 24 V ON for 15-30 Vdc OFF for < 5 Vdc **AC Current Input Neutral** When Used With AC Control Signals: ON for 170.6-275 Vac  $I_{NOM} = 5 A$  $I_{NOM} = 1 A$ 250 V OFF below 106 Vac INOM 220 V ON for 150.3-264 Vac OFF below 93.2 Vac Rated Range: 0.05-10.00 A 0.01-2.00 A 125 V ON for 85-150 Vac OFF below 53 Vac (according to IEC 60255-5, 60664-1) 110 V ON for 75.1-132 Vac OFF below 46.6 Vac Note: This is a linearity specification and is not meant to imply 48 V ON for 32.8-60 Vac OFF below 20.3 Vac continuous operation 24 V ON for 14-27 Vac OFF below 5 Vac Continuous Thermal 3 A Current Draw at Nominal (according to IEC 60255-6, Rating: DC Voltage: 2-4 mA (Except for 240 V, 8 mA) IEEE C37.90-1989) Rated Insulation Voltage: 300 Vac 1 Second Thermal: 500 A 100 A Rated Impulse (according to IEC 60255-6) Withstand Voltage 50/60 ±5 Hz 50/60 ±5 Hz Rated Frequency: 4000 V  $(U_{imp})$ : Burden (per phase): < 0.1 VA < 0.01 VA **RTD Input Card** Measurement Category: II Number of Channels: Ten 3-wire RTDs AC Voltage Input (300 V) 100  $\Omega$  platinum (PT100) Input Type: Supports the following 100 Ω nickel (NI100) Rated Operating RTD types on each Voltage (U<sub>e</sub>): 100-250 Vac 120 Ω nickel (NI120)  $10~\Omega$  copper (CU10) independent input. Rated Insulation Voltage: 300 Vac −50°C to 250°C Measuring Range: 10-Second Thermal: 600 Vac ADC Resolution: Rated Frequency: 50/60 ±5 Hz Accuracy: Burden: < 0.1 WCU10: ±1°C typical at 25°C DC Transducer (Analog) Inputs PT100, NI100, NI120: ±1°C typical at 25°C Input Impedance: CU10, PT100, NI100, Current Mode: 200 O NI120: ±2°C worst case  $>10 k\Omega$ Voltage Mode: Resolution: ±1°C Input Range (Maximum): Update Rate: <3 sCurrent Mode: ±20 mA CMRR (typical): 100 dBv ±10 V Voltage Mode: Noise Rejection: Up to 1 Vrms 50/60 Hz Sampling Rate: At least 5 ms Universal Temperature Input Card Step Response: Number of Channels: Ten (thermocouples or 3-wire RTDs) Accuracy at 25°C: Input Type:  $100 \Omega$  platinum (PT100) ADC: Supports the following 100 Ω nickel (NI100) RTD or TC types on 120 Ω nickel (NI120) With user calibration: 0.05% of full scale (current mode) each independent input. 10 Ω copper (CU10) 0.025% of full scale (voltage mode) J, K, T, E Without calibration: Better than 0.5% of full scale at 25°C Measuring Range Accuracy Variation With Temperature: RTDs: −50° to 250°C  $\pm 0.015\%$  per °C of full scale ( $\pm 20$  mA or  $\pm 10$  V) Thermocouples (TCs) DC Transducer (Analog) Inputs Extended Range Option -200° to 1200°C J: Input Impedance: K: -200° to 1370°C  $>10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Voltage Mode: T: −200° to 400°C Input Range (Maximum): E: -200° to 950°C ±300 V Voltage Mode: ADC Resolution: 24 bit Sampling Rate: At least 5 ms Accuracy Step Response: 1 s RTDs Accuracy at 25°C: CU10: ±1°C typical at 25°C ADC: PT100, NI100, NI120, With user calibration: 0.025% of full scale (voltage mode) CU10: ±0.1°C typical at 25°C Without calibration: Better than 0.5% of full scale at 25°C CU10, PT100, NI100, ±2°C worst case NI120:

TCs Pickup Time: < 50 µs, resistive load J, K, T, E: ±1°C with field calibration Dropout Time: 8 ms, resistive load ±3°C without field calibration Update Rate: 1/8 cycle Resolution: ±0.1°C Breaking Capacity (10000 operations): Update Rate: <3 s48 Vdc 10.0 A L/R = 40 msCMRR (typical): 100 dBv 125 Vdc 10.0 A L/R = 40 ms250 Vdc 10.0 A L/R = 20 msNoise Rejection: Up to 1 Vrms 50/60 Hz Cyclic Capacity (4 cycles in 1 second, followed by 2 minutes idle for Isolation thermal dissipation): Two Banks (5 channels each) Number of Banks: 48 Vdc 10.0 A L/R = 40 msMax. Working 125 Vdc 10.0 A L/R = 40 msCommon Mode: 250 Vdc 250 Vdc 10.0 A L/R = 20 msCold Junction Note: Per IEC 60255-23:1994, using the simplified method of Automatic Compensation: assessment. Note: Make rating per IEEE C37.90-1989. Time-Code Input **AC Output Ratings** Format: Demodulated IRIG-B Electromechanical On (1) State:  $V_{ih} \ge 2.2 \text{ V}$ Maximum Operational Off (0) State:  $V_{il} \le 0.8 \text{ V}$ Voltage (Ue) Rating: 240 Vac  $2 k\Omega$ Input Impedance: Insulation Voltage (Ui) Accuracy: ±3 milliseconds Rating (excluding EN 61010-1): 300 Vac Time-Code Input (SNTP) Utilization Category: AC-15 (control of electromagnetic loads > High-Priority Server ±5 ms Accuracy: B300 (B = 5 A, 300 = rated insulation)Contact Rating ±25 ms Accuracy: Designation: voltage) **Outputs** Voltage Protection Across 270 Vac, 40 J Open Contacts: General Rated Operational Current 3 A @ 120 Vac 1.5 A @ 240 Vac OUT103 is Form C Trip Output, all other outputs are Form A. Conventional Enclosed Dielectric Test Voltage: 2000 Vac Thermal Current (I<sub>the</sub>) Impulse Withstand Rating: 5 A Voltage (U<sub>imp</sub>): 4000 V 50/60 ±5 Hz Rated Frequency: Mechanical Durability: 10M no load operations Pickup/Dropout Time: ≤ 8 ms (coil energization to contact DC Output Ratings closure) Electrical Durability Make Electromechanical VA Rating:  $3600 \text{ VA}, \cos \phi = 0.3$ Rated Operational Electrical Durability 250 Vdc Voltage: Break VA Rating:  $360 \text{ VA}, \cos \phi = 0.3$ Rated Voltage Range: 19.2-275 Vdc Fast Hybrid (high-speed high current interrupting) 300 Vdc Rated Insulation Voltage: Make: 30 A @ 250 Vdc per IEEE C37.90 Carry: 6 A continuous carry at 70°C Continuous Carry: 6 A @ 70°C; 4 A @ 85°C 4 A continuous carry at 85°C Continuous Carry 1 s Rating: 50 A (UL/CSA Derating with MOV Protection All Outputs Asserted): 5 A @ <60°C; 2.5 A 60 to 70°C (maximum voltage): 250 Vac/330 Vdc Thermal: 50 A for 1 s Pickup Time: < 50 µs, resistive load Contact Protection: 360 Vdc, 40 J MOV protection across Dropout Time: 8 ms, resistive load open contacts Update Rate: 1/8 cycle Operating Time (coil energization to contact Breaking Capacity (10000 operations): closure, resistive load): Pickup or Dropout time ≤ 8 ms typical 48 Vac L/R = 40 ms10.0 A Breaking Capacity 24 Vdc 0.75 A L/R = 40 ms125 Vac 10.0 A L/R = 40 ms(10,000 operations) per 48 Vdc 0.50 A L/R = 40 ms250 Vac 10.0 A L/R = 20 msIEC 60255-0-20:1974: 125 Vdc 0.30 A L/R = 40 msCyclic Capacity (4 cycles in 1 second, followed by 2 minutes idle for 250 Vdc 0.20 A L/R = 40 msthermal dissipation): Cyclic Capacity 24 Vdc 0.75 A L/R = 40 ms48 Vac L/R = 40 ms10.0 A (2.5 cycles/second) per 48 Vdc 0.50 A L/R = 40 ms125 Vac L/R = 40 ms10.0 A IEC 60255-0-20:1974: 125 Vdc 0.30 A L/R = 40 ms250 Vac 10.0 A L/R = 20 ms250 Vdc 0.20 A L/R = 40 msNote: Per IEC 60255-23:1994, using the simplified method of Fast Hybrid (high-speed high current interrupting) assessment. Make: 30 A Note: Make rating per IEEE C37.90-1989. Carry: 6 A continuous carry at 70°C 4 A continuous carry at 85°C

1 s Rating:

MOV Protection

(maximum voltage):

50 A

250 Vac/330 Vdc

#### **Analog Outputs**

Current Ranges (Max): ±20 mA Voltage Ranges (Max): ±10 V

Output Impedance For

Current Outputs:  $\geq 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

Output Impedance For

Voltage Outputs:  $\leq 20 \Omega$ 

Maximum Load:  $0-750 \Omega$  current mode

>2 kΩ voltage mode

Accuracy: ±0.55% of full scale at 25°C

Step Response: 100 ms

#### Communications

#### **Communications Ports**

Standard EIA-232 (2 ports)

Location (fixed): Front Panel

Rear Panel

Data Speed: 300–38400 bps

Optional Ethernet port:

Single/Dual 10/100BASE-T copper (RJ45 connector) Single/Dual 100BASE FX Multimode (LC connector)

Optional multimode fiber-optic serial port:

Class 1 LED product

Complies with IEC 60825-1:1993 + A1:1997 + A2:2001

#### Fiber-Optic Ports Characteristics

Port 1 (or 1A, 1B) Ethernet

Wavelength: 1300 nm Optical Connector Type: Fiber Type: Multimode Link Budget: 16.1 dB Typical TX Power: -15.7 dBm RX Min. Sensitivity: -31.8 dBm Fiber Size: 50-200 μm Approximate Range: ~6.4 Km 100 Mb Data Rate: Typical Fiber Attenuation: -2 dB/Km

Port 2 Serial

Wavelength: 850 nm Optical Connector Type: ST

Fiber Type: Multimode
Link Budget: 8 dB
Typical TX Power: -16 dBm
RX Min. Sensitivity: -24 dBm
Fiber Size: 50-200 µm

Approximate Range: ~4 Km with 62.5 μm,

~1 Km with 200 µm

Data Rate: 5 Mb

Typical Fiber Attenuation: -4 dB/Km

#### **Optional Communications Card**

Standard EIA-232 or EIA-485 (ordering option)
Data Speed: 300–38400 bps

#### **Communications Protocols**

Modbus® RTU slave or Modbus TCP

DNP3 Level 2 Outstation (LAN/WAN and Serial)

IEC 61850 Communications

Ethernet FTP

Telnet

SEL MIRRORED BITS (MBA, MBB, MB8A, MB8B, MBTB)

Ymodem file transfer on the front and rear port

Xmodem file transfer on the front port

SEL ASCII and Compressed ASCII

SEL Fast Meter SEL Fast Operate

SEL Fast SER

SEL Fast Message unsolicited write

SEL Fast Message read request

SEL Event Messenger Points

#### **Maximum Concurrent Connections**

Modbus Slave: 1
DNP3 Level 2 Outstation: 3<sup>a</sup>
Ethernet FTP: 2
Telnet: 2

<sup>a</sup> Maximum in any combination of serial and/or LAN/WAN links.

#### **Power Supply**

#### Rated Supply Voltage

Low-Voltage Model: 24/48 Vdc High-Voltage Model: 110/250 Vdc

110/230 Vac, 50/60 Hz

#### Input Voltage Range

Low-Voltage Model: 18–60 Vdc High-Voltage Model: 85–275 Vdc

85-264 Vac

#### **Power Consumption**

AC: <40 VA DC: <15 W

#### Interruptions

Low-Voltage Model: 10 ms @ 24 Vdc

50 ms @ 48 Vdc

High-Voltage Model: 50 ms @ 125 Vac/Vdc

100 ms @ 250 Vac/Vdc

#### **AC Metering Accuracies**

#### Current

Phase Current: ±0.5% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal

current

Neutral Current: ±0.5% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal

current

Negative Sequence (3I2):  $\pm 0.5\%$  typical,  $25^{\circ}$ C, 60 Hz, nominal

current (calculated)

Residual Ground Current: ±0.5% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal

current (calculated)

#### Voltage

 $\label{eq:line-to-Neutral Voltage: $\pm 0.08\%$ typical, $25^{\circ}$C, $60$ Hz, nominal}$ 

voltage

Line-to-Line Voltage: ±0.08% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal

voltage

Negative-Sequence (3V2):

±0.5% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal

voltage (calculated)

Power

Three-Phase Real Power

(kW):

±1% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal voltage and current with 0.10 to 1.00

power factor

Three-Phase Reactive

Power (kVAR):

±1% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal voltage and current with 0.00 to 0.90

power factor

Three-Phase Apparent

Power (kVA):

±1% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal

voltage and current

Power Factor

Three-Phase

±1% typical, 25°C, 60 Hz, nominal (wye connected):

voltage and current (between 0.97 and 1)

Sampling and Processing Specifications

Without Voltage Card or Current Card

**Analog Inputs** 

Sampling Rate: Every 4 ms

**Digital Inputs** 

Sampling Rate: 2 kHz

Contact Outputs

Refresh Rate: 2 kHz Logic Update: Every 4 ms

**Analog Outputs** 

Refresh Rate: Every 4 ms New Value: Every 100 ms

Timer Accuracy:  $\pm 0.5\%$  of settings and  $\pm 4$  ms

With Either Voltage Card, Current Card, or **Both Voltage and Current Cards** 

**Analog Inputs** 

Sampling Rate: 4 times/cycle

Digital Inputs

Sampling Rate: 32 times/cycle

**Contact Outputs** 

Refresh Rate: 32 times/cycle Logic Update: 4 times/cycle

**Analog Outputs** 

Refresh Rate: 4 times/cycle New Value: Every 100 ms

Timer Accuracy:  $\pm 0.5\%$  of settings and  $\pm 1/4$  cycle

**Processing Specifications** 

AC Voltage and

Current Inputs: 16 samples per power system cycle

Frequency Tracking Range: 44-66 Hz

Digital Filtering: Cycle cosine after low-pass analog

filtering. Net filtering (analog plus digital) rejects dc and all harmonics greater than the fundamental.

4 times per power system cycle or 4 ms Control Processing:

if no current or voltage card (except for math variables and analog signals used in logic, which are processed every 100 ms)

Type Tests

**Environmental Tests** 

IP Code: IEC 60529:2001

IP34

Vibration: IEC 60255-21-1:1988, Class 1 IEC 60255-21-3:1993, Class 2

IEC 60255-21-2:1988, Class 1

Cold: IEC 60068-2-1:2007

-40°C, 16 hours

Damp Heat, Cyclic: IEC 60068-2-30:2005

25-55°C, 6 cycles, 95% relative humidity

IEC 60068-2-2:2007 Dry Heat:

85°C, 16 hours

Dielectric Strength and Impulse Tests

Dielectric Strength: IEC 60255-5:2000

IEEE C37.90-2005

2.5 kVac on analog inputs, contact I/O 3.1 kVdc on power supply and analog

outputs

IEC 60255-5:2000 Impulse:

0.5 J, 5.0 kV

**RFI** and Interference Tests

**EMC Immunity** 

Electrostatic Discharge

IEC 60255-22-2:2008 Immunity:

IEC 61000-4-2:2008 Severity Level 4 8 kV contact discharge 15 kV air discharge

Radiated RF Immunity: IEC 60255-22-3: 2007

IEC 61000-4-3:2010

10 V/m

IEEE C37.90.2-2004, 35 V/m

Fast Transient, Burst

Immunity:

IEC 60255-22-4:2008 IEC 61000-4-4:2011

4 kV @ 5 kHz

2 kV @ 5 kHz for comm. ports

Surge Immunity: IEC 60255-22-5:2008

IEC 61000-4-5:2005 2 kV line-to-line 4 kV line-to-earth

Surge Withstand Capability Immunity: IEC 60255-22-1:2007

2.5 kV common-mode 1.0 kV differential-mode IEEE C37.90.1-2002,

2.5 kV oscillatory, 4 kV fast transient

IEC 60255-22-6:2001, 10 Vrms Conducted RF Immunity:

IEC 61000-4-6:2006, 10 Vrms

Magnetic Field Immunity:

IEC 61000-4-8:2009 1000 A/m for 3 seconds 100 A/m for 1 minute

**EMC Emissions** 

Conducted Emissions: IEC 60255-25:2000, Class A Radiated Emissions: IEC 60255-25:2000, Class A

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